## Chapter 14

## Lesson 3 : Mixtures

## Learning Objectives:

Observe how solids, liquids and gases mix

## Vocabulary

- Mixture
- Solution
- Dissolve
- evaporate


## solution محلول

- a kind of mixture with parts that do not easily come apart.

نوع من المخاليط يصعب فصل مكوناته.


## ذوبان dissolve

- to mix evenly with a liquid and form a solution
ـ امتزاج المادة كليا بالسائل لعمل محلول


## Essential Questions

- How can you make a mixture?
- What happens when you mix two things together?
- What happens when you mix solids and liquids?
- What happens when you try and take a mixture apart?


## Explore - p.462/463

## What mixes with water?



3 Compare. Stir both mixtures with a spoon, Let them sit. What happens? How are the mixtures different from each other?
The salt dissoved. $\qquad$
The sand is at the bottom of the cup.
Explore More
(4) Investigate. Tell how you could take the sand and the water apart. Can the salt be taken out of the water?
The water would evaporate and the sand and salt would be left.

## Open Inquiry

Investigate other types of mixtures.
My question is:

## How do solids react when mixed with wa

## Lesson review p. 470/471

## IEssen 3 <br> Lesson Review

## VisualSummary

Write about what you learned.

| Mixtures <br> when two or more things are |
| :--- | :--- |
| put together. It can be any <br> combination of solids, liquids <br> and gases. |


| Solutions |
| :--- | :--- |
| a mixture that is hard to take apart. |
| The drink mix dissolves in the water |$|$| and cannot be taken out again. |
| :--- |
| Sugar and water make a solution. |
| Sugar will dissolve or stay evenly <br> mixed in the water. |



Toking Apart Mixtures
Some mixtures are easy to take apart. Like different candies in a jar.

Some mixtures that is hard to take apart you can use a magnet or filter to separate.

Evaporation can be used to take a
solution of salt and water apart.

## Think, Talk, and Write

(1) Main Idea and Details. Describe how different things mix with water.
Sugar and dishwasher dissolves in
water and becomes a solution.
Sand and oil do not dissolve when mixed with water
(2) How can you take apart a solution of salt and Place the solution in the sun. The heat from the sun will let the water evaporate so only the salt remains.
Arsential grestion How can you make mixtures?
Students can write an answer in their own words !!

## Writing a recipe p. 473

- Students will choose different fruit to make a mixture.


## 7 Write About It

You can write a recipe! Explain how you would use some of the fruit here to make a fruit salad.
Tell why it is a mixture.

Remember
When you
write to
explain, you
tell how to do something.
You write the
steps in order.

## Planning and Organizing

Write the steps for your recipe below.


## Homework :

— Chapter 14 Review
( Pages 474 / 475 / $476 / 477$

## CHAPTER 14 Review

Vocabulary
Use each term once for items 1-6.

1. When wood burns, there is a
chemical change
2. Water in the air can $\qquad$ condense or change into a liquid.
3. Sugar and water form a mixture that will stay mixed. It is called a solution
4. Fruit salad is a kind of mixture
$\qquad$ .
5. Tearing paper is a
physical change
6. After the snowman melts, the liquid water will turn into a gas, or evaporate
7. Communicate. Which photo shows a physical change? Which shows a chemical change? What are some other examples of each kind of change?


> Physical change - bending modelling clay or playdough
> melting ice

Chemical change - cooking an egg / burning wood
8. Predict. What will happen if ice is heated at a high temperature for a long time?

| What I Predict | What Happens |
| :--- | :--- |
| The ice will melt, turn to <br> water, and then evaporate <br> and become a gas. | The ice melts, turns to water, <br> and then evaporates and <br> becomes a gas. |

9. Describe how a solution of sugar and water is different from a mixture of sand and water.

Sugar mixes thoroughly with water and dissolves. This solution cannot
be separated easily. Sand does not mix thoroughly with water; it can be easily separated.

## 10. How can matter change? (p.476)

- Chemical change
- Physical change
- Melting, heating, mixtures, solutions


## p. 477

## Test Prep

1. Which of these can change matter into different matter?
A folding
B tearing
$C$ bending
(D) burning
2. Look at the picture.

What is the first thing that will happen if this is left at room temperature?
A The water will evaporate.
(B) The ice will melt.

C The water vapor will condense.
D The water will freeze.
3. Which item is a solution?

A a fruit salad
B a chicken taco
C a peanut butter and jelly sandwich
(D) a milk shake

