

End Term Revision Pack

MAZE نموذج أسئلة

2. Circle the correct answer.

My name is Omar. I (have / has) a small family. I (have / has) brown eyes and black hair. I always (play / plays) basketball with my friends.

This is my brother. His name is Salim. He (have / has) black eyes.

He (like / likes) to eat salad, but I (like / likes) pizza. I (eat / eats) pizza every day. My sister (have / has) a bird. It (have / has) black eyes.

It (like / likes) to sing.

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2. Circle the correct answer.

My name is Hamad. I am 10 years old. I (have / has) black hair.

I (have / has) brown eyes. I always (play / plays) football in the park.

This is my sister. Her name is Amna. She (have / has) curly hair.

She (like / likes) pizza but I (like / likes) pasta. I (eat / eats) pasta every day. My brother (have / has) a dog. it (have / has) black eyes.

It (like / likes) to play with us.

Read the texts and answer the questions. Choose the correct answer A, B or C.

Text 1

1. Ali's family live in a flat next to the beach in Jumairah. Ali's parents and brothers live there. Ali doesn't have any sisters.
2. He and his brothers like swimming in the sea. They also go horse riding on the beach. They don't like playing tennis.

Text 2

3. Adel's family lives in a big house in Sharjah. This is his grandfather's house. His grandparents, parents, aunts, uncles, brothers, sisters and cousins all live there.
4. They always have dinner together in the evening. Sometimes Adel plays with his cousins in the garden or swims in the swimming pool when the weather is hot.

17. What are the texts about?

- A. families from the UAE
- B. children playing tennis
- C. a house next to a beach

B. Listen and match the words with the sentences:

- | | | |
|-----------------|---|--|
| 1. teacher | • | - Is a person who teaches students at school. |
| 2. palace | • | - My sister is my dad'd |
| 3. Fire station | • | - is a very big place to live in. |
| 4. Dining room | • | - is a very big and heavy animal. |
| 5. daughter | • | - is a desert animal that we can find in UAE |
| 6. Elephant | • | - Is a place in our house where we eat together. |
| 7. oryx | • | - is a place where the fire fighter works. |

Match the questions with the answers:

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| 1. How is the weather today? | - Arabic is my favourite subject. |
| 2. How many sisters do you have? | - It's warm and windy. |
| 3. What is your favourite subject? | - I don't have any sisters. |
| 4. Do you like to eat pasta? | - He works in a shop. |
| 5. Does your mum like to eat pasta? | - No, I don't. |
| 6. Where does the shop assistant work? | - Yes, she does. |
| 7. Where can I find my books? | - Because the weather is very cold. |
| 8. Why are you wearing a jacket? | - You can find it on the shelf. |

Writing

Use the image and word box to answer the questions.
Write four or five sentences.



sunny

warm

rainy

What do you do when the weather is warm?

Part 2 (B):

Choose the correct title for the text A, B or C.

a) A lazy boy b) A School day c) A clever student

1- Amir is a great student. He listens to the teacher. He always speaks English. He doesn't speak Arabic in class. He writes new words in his notebook.

a) My daily routine b) My party c) A trip to the zoo

2- Every day I get up early. I wash my face and get dressed. I take the bus to school . I talk study new lessons. I get back home at 3:00 pm.

a) At the zoo b) My family c) A clever student

3- I live in a big house. I have 2 sisters . I don't have any brothers. My mom is so kind . She cooks delicious food for us. My father is a teacher.

a) Giza Pyramids b) The desert c) A long trip

4- The Pyramids are in the old city of Giza, in Egypt. They are next to the river Nile in the desert. The Giza Pyramids are very big. They are very old. They are made of stone. They are brown, like the sand in the desert. The Giza Pyramids are beautiful.

a) My house b) My family c) My brothers

I live in Ajman, in a big house. I have a brother and his name is Omar. His favourite shape is a star. My second brother is called Ali. He likes sport.

Part 2 (B) Read the texts and answer the questions. Choose (Yes) or (No) .

Bungalow

1- In some places, the word "bungalow" is used for any house that is all on one level. The word came from India and for a long time was used for a house that is built all with one floor and has a balcony where people can sit or work outdoors.

2- A bungalow often has a hall the middle of the house to let the breeze blow through.

3- Bungalows are often seen in countries with hot summers, in India, South East Asia, South Africa, and New Zealand. In regions with flooding, a bungalow is often built up on wooden basement.

4- Bungalows were nearly always built of wood, but it became fashionable to build them of brick as well.

Read the texts and answer the questions. Choose Yes or No.

1- A bungalow has more than one floor . Yes No

2- The word "bungalow" is an idian word. Yes No

Read the texts and answer the questions. Choose the correct answer A, B or C.

1- What is there in the middle of a bungalow?

a) kitchen b) hall c) balcony

2-In the bungalow, where can people sit outdoors?

a) on the roof b) in the balcony c) In the hall

Choose the correct paragraph:

1- Origin of the word " bungalow? (paragraph)

a) 1 b) 2 c) 3

2- Materials used to build bungalows . (paragraph)

a) 3 b) 2 c) 4

2- Weather for bungalows (paragraph)

a) 1 b) 2 c) 4

GOOD LUCH , TEACHER HODA



Fun – family – cafes –
waiter – toy shop

1. Do you like going to the mall?

.....

2. What do you like doing at the mall?

.....

3. With whom do you go to the mall?

.....

4. What are your favourite places at the mall?

.....

5. When was the last time you went to the mall? Which mall was it?

.....

.....



Big – busy – quiet –
cars – play football –
mosque

1. what is the name of your town?

.....

2. What's your town like? Describe it.

.....

3. Is there a mosque in your town?

.....

4. Can you go to the park in your town?

.....

5. Describe the people of your town.

.....



Teacher – firefighter –
hospital – police
station – help -
students

1. Where does the doctor work?

.....

2. What does the doctor do?

.....

3. Who works at the police station?

.....

4. Who teaches at school?

.....

5. What do you like to be when you grow up? Why?

.....



O'clock – get up – at –
eat lunch

Do homework

1. When do you go to sleep? Give the time.

.....

2. What do you do at 7 pm?

.....

3. When do you eat dinner?

.....

4. When do you get to school?

.....

5. When do you wake up at the weekend?

.....



1- What are the people doing? Where?

2- Where do they cook their food?

3- What can people do in the desert?

4- Did you go camping? With whom?

5- How did you feel? Why?



1- What can you see in the picture?

2- Where are they?

3- What are the boys doing? Where?

4- Where is the man standing?

5- What are the ducks doing? Where?

Key Lexis

Home	People	Family	Places
A1 flat, house, glass, door, windows, big, small, bedroom, room, bathroom, kitchen, garden, table, chair, bag, pen, picture, desk, door, wall, swimming pool, tree, clean, teach, write, read, speak, cook, make	A1 student, teacher, from, short, long, hair, black, brown, funny, clever, happy, tall, short, kind, sea, boat, beach, hour, help, sleep, swim, favourite, best friend	A1 mother, father, sister, brother, parents, children, husband, wife, son, daughter	A1 nice, old, little, beautiful, red, blue, road, tree, shop, beach, hotel, expensive, visit, hospital, café, university, school, restaurant, bakery, metro, bank, supermarket, sing, date tree, hungry, tired, beautiful, beach, weather, outside, garden, city, town, village, farm, run
A2 wood, roof, sofa, shelf, toys, lamp, bear, front, gate	A2 straight, blonde, story	A2 aunt, uncle, cousin, grandmother, grandfather	A2 building, mountain, lake, bicycle, mosque, desert, camping, apartment, neighbour, follow, path, rabbit, jump
B1 palace, hut, live, stone, balcony	B1 curly, celebrity, interview		B1 mall, scared, flag, neighbourhood, bee, sand dune

Free Time	Health and Fitness	Education	Community
A1 orange juice, pizza, coffee, milk, ice cream, play, study, cook, swim, park, pets, cinema, zoo, film, look for, meat, time for dinner	A1 PE, horse, tennis, swimming	A1 subject, speak English, speak Arabic, listen, write, class	A1 doctor, hospital, waiter, shop clean, fun, boring, old, new, open, close, closed, am, pm, visit
A2 salad, camping, call, pasta	A2 volleyball, riding	A2 miss	A2 fire station, police, police station, dirty, noisy, quiet
			B1 firefighter, officer, assistant

Daily Routine	Weather	Animals
A1 buy, have lunch, have breakfast, have dinner, o'clock	A1 cold, hot, warm, rainy	A1 tall, short, light
	A2 cool, sunny, cloudy	A2 elephant, heavy
		B1 tiger, flamingo, giraffe

The present simple

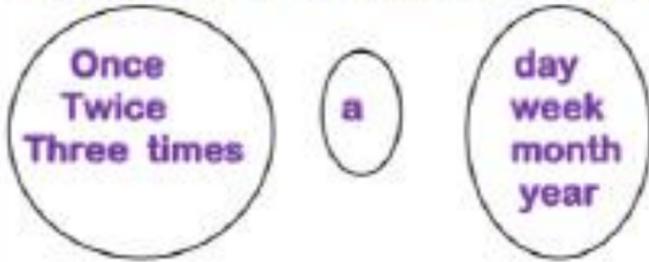
زمن المضارع البسيط

Affirmative	الأثبات	Negative	النفي	Question	السؤال
<p>المصدر</p> <p>فعل + S</p> <p>live → lives go → goes Watch → watches try → tries study → studies play → plays</p>		<p>don't</p> <p>doesn't</p> <p>المصدر</p> <p>don't } play doesn't } live go</p>		<p>Do</p> <p>Does</p> <p>الفاعل</p> <p>inf</p> <p>Do } play Does } live go</p> <p>Yes, (do / does) No, (don't / doesn't)</p>	
<p>I</p> <p>We</p> <p>You</p> <p>They</p> <p>اسم جمع</p> <p>المصدر</p> <p>He</p> <p>She</p> <p>It</p> <p>اسم مفرد</p> <p>فعل + s</p>		<p>I</p> <p>We</p> <p>You</p> <p>They</p> <p>اسم جمع</p> <p>don't + inf.</p> <p>He</p> <p>She</p> <p>It</p> <p>اسم مفرد</p> <p>doesn't + inf</p>		<p>Do</p> <p>we</p> <p>you + inf.</p> <p>they</p> <p>اسم جمع</p> <p>Does</p> <p>he</p> <p>she + inf.</p> <p>it</p> <p>اسم مفرد</p>	
<p>I usually go to school.</p> <p>Ali plays football.</p> <p>They ride bikes .</p> <p>My sister reads stories .</p>		<p>I don't go to school .</p> <p>Ali doesn't play football.</p> <p>They don't ride bikes .</p> <p>My sister doesn't read stories.</p>		<p>Do you go to school ? Yes, I do. / No, I don't.</p> <p>Does Ali play football ? Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.</p> <p>What do they ride ? They ride bikes .</p> <p>What does your sister read ? She reads stories .</p>	

الكلمات الدالة علي زمن المضارع البسيط :

Always دائما - usually عادة - sometimes أحيانا - often غالبا - seldom / scarcely / rarely نادرا - never أبدا

Every / Each (day - week - month - year...) كل (يوم - أسبوع - شهر - سنة)



- I usually go to the park .
The sun rises in the east .
My father works in an office.

يعبر المضارع البسيط عن : (١) عادة منتظمة
(٢) حقيقة علمية
(٣) حقيقة يومية

نستخدم المضارع البسيط بعد الروابط الزمنية للتعبير عن المستقبل :

Ex : When I travel to Paris , I will see Eiffel Tower.

The present continuous

زمن المضارع المستمر

Affirmative الاثبات	Negative النفي	Question المسؤل
<p>am is are</p> <p>am → ('m) is → ('s) are → ('re)</p>	<p>am not isn't aren't</p>	<p>Am Is Are</p> <p>Yes, ... (am / is / are). No, ... (am not / isn't / aren't).</p>
<p>I → am</p> <p>He She It اسم مفرد } is</p> <p>We You They اسم جمع } are</p>	<p>I → am not</p> <p>He She It اسم مفرد } isn't</p> <p>We You They اسم جمع } aren't</p>	<p>Am → I</p> <p>Is } He She It اسم مفرد } فعل + ing</p> <p>Are } We You They اسم جمع }</p>
<p>I'm eating fish now.</p> <p>Look! Ali is playing football.</p> <p>Listen! They're singing.</p> <p>I'm studying now.</p>	<p>I am not eating fish.</p> <p>Ali isn't playing football.</p> <p>They aren't singing.</p> <p>I'm not studying now.</p>	<p>Are you eating fish? Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.</p> <p>Is Ali playing football? Yes, he is. / No, he isn't.</p> <p>Are they singing? Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.</p> <p>What are you doing now? I'm studying now.</p>

الكلمات الدالة علي زمن المضارع المستمر :

now الآن - at the moment في تلك اللحظة - Look! انظر - Listen! استمع - today اليوم
This (day - week) هذا (اليوم - الأسبوع) - at the present time في الوقت الحالي
Be quiet! كن هادئا - Watch out! احترس - Be careful! كن حريصا

يعبر زمن المضارع المستمر عن فعل يحدث الآن (لحظة الكلام) أو حدث مؤقت :

Ex : 1) My father is reading a newspaper at the moment.
2) Look ! My friend is climbing a tree. 3) We are having exams this week.

يعبر زمن المضارع المستمر عن فعل يحدث تدريجيا :

Ex : Air pollution is increasing very fast.

بعض الأفعال لا يمكن أن تستخدمها في الأزمنة المستمرة (لا نضع عليها ing) :

like / love يحب - see يري - hear يسمع - have يمتلك - think / believe يعتقد - feel يشعر -
understand يفهم - prefer يفضل - hope / wish يتمنى - seem / appear يبدو - smell يشم - taste يتذوق
sound يبدو من صوته - want يريد - need يحتاج - know يعرف - cost يكلف - own يمتلك

هذه الأفعال تسمى أفعال لا ارادية (لا يوجد فيها مجهود) وتستخدمها في زمن المضارع البسيط :

Ex : I hear a loud sound now .

إذا كان هناك مجهود يمكن أن تستخدم معها مضارع مستمر :

Ex : The food tastes delicious. (بدون مجهود) / The cook is tasting the food now. (يوجد مجهود)

The past simple

زمن الماضي البسيط

Affirmative	الأثبات	Negative	النفي	Question	السؤال
<p>watch → watched live → lived study → studied play → played go → went see → saw</p>		<p>watched → didn't watch lived → didn't live studied → didn't study played → didn't play went → didn't go saw → didn't see</p>		<p>Yes , (did) No , (didn't)</p>	

بعض الأفعال الشاذة			
am / is → was	are → were	do / does → did	
have / has → had	sell → sold	tell → told	
drink → drank	swim → swam	ring → rang	
sing → sang	run → ran	come → came	
become → became	drive → drove	ride → rode	
write → wrote	take → took	give → gave	
get → got	forget → forgot	fall → fell	
speak → spoke	choose → chose	break → broke	
fly → flew	grow → grew	blow → blew	
draw → drew	smell → smelt	feel → felt	
sleep → slept	eat → ate	make → made	

I went to school yesterday .	I didn't go to school.	Did you go to school ? Yes, I did . / No, I didn't .
Ali played football .	Ali didn't play football .	Did Ali play football ? Yes, he did . / No, he didn't .
They rode bikes last week .	They didn't ride bikes .	What did they ride ? They rode bikes .
My father traveled last year .	My father didn't travel last year .	When did your father travel ? He traveled last year .

الكلمات الدالة على زمن الماضي البسيط :

(اليوم - الأسبوع - الشهر - السنة) الماضية **last** (day - week - month - year) - أمس **yesterday**

ذات مرة **Once** - في الماضي **In the past** - منذ (يومين - أسبوعين) **ago** (two days - two weeks)

In 1990 - يحكي أن **Once upon a time** - ذات يوم **One day**

يعبر الماضي البسيط عن حدث تم في الماضي وأنهى تماما :

Ex : I **watched** a good film on TV. **last night** .
My friend **bought** a new car **last week** .
My sister **swam** in the sea three weeks **ago** .
I **saw** many monkeys when I **went** to the zoo .
I **didn't** come because I **was** ill .