

PHYSICS

- ☑ Where necessary use the constant in the table below.
- ☑ Answer all questions on the paper.

$$g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$$



1st Question

PART1

30

Place a tick (✓) inside the box to the left of the most appropriate answer for each of the following:

1- Newton provided an explanation for why objects fall ,he proposed that the objects fall because the object and Earth are attracted by a force. Which of the following represents what Newton said?

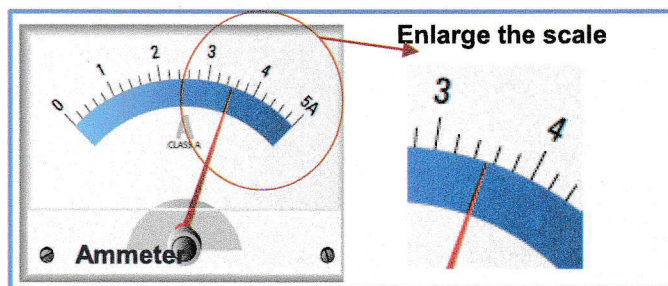
- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> A scientific model | <input type="checkbox"/> A scientific hypothesis |
| <input type="checkbox"/> A scientific theory | <input type="checkbox"/> A scientific law |

2- A period of time is $(2.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s})$,which of the following is **true** for this period with prefixes?

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 0.20 ms | <input type="checkbox"/> 2.0 μs |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 0.20 μs | <input type="checkbox"/> 2.0 ms |

3- Depending on the figure, what is the **measure** shown on the meter ? include the uncertainty .

- ☐ $(3.6 \pm 0.2) \text{ A}$
☐ $(3.4 \pm 0.2) \text{ A}$
☐ $(3.6 \pm 0.1) \text{ A}$
☐ $(3.4 \pm 0.1) \text{ A}$



4- Depending on the equation :

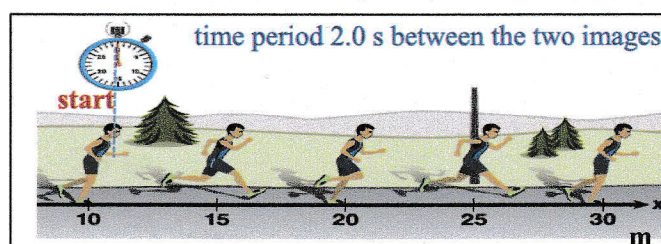
$$[y = (3.0 \text{ m/s}) + (X \times 2.0 \text{ s})]$$

What is the **name** of the physical quantity represented by the **X** symbol and its **unit** ?

	the name of quantity X	the unit of quantity X
<input type="checkbox"/>	Length	m
<input type="checkbox"/>	Time	s
<input type="checkbox"/>	Acceleration	m s^{-2}
<input type="checkbox"/>	Velocity	m s^{-1}

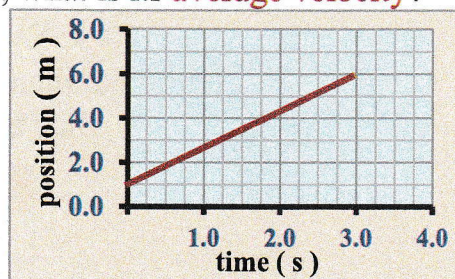
5-Depending on the figure, what is the **displacement** for the runner after **(6.0 s)** from the beginning of his movement?

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> +25 m | <input type="checkbox"/> +15 m |
| <input type="checkbox"/> -25 cm | <input type="checkbox"/> -15 m |



6- Depending on the (position - time) graph for an object, what is its **average velocity**?

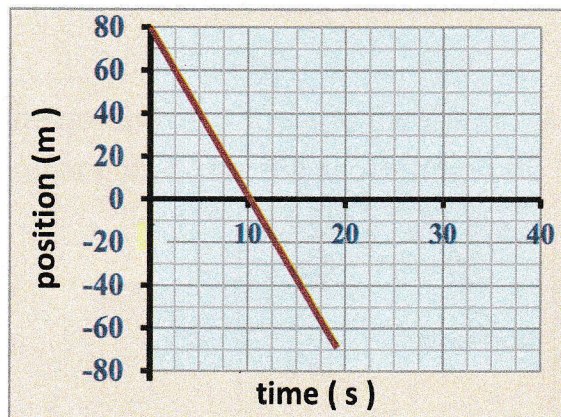
- ☐ + 2.0 m/s
- ☐ - 2.0 m/s
- ☐ + 1.7 m/s
- ☐ - 1.7 m/s



7- Depending on the (position - time) graph for an object moving to the west.

What is the position of the object after (30 s) if it continues its motion with the same average velocity?

- ☐ -240 m
- ☐ -160 m
- ☐ -110 m
- ☐ -80 m



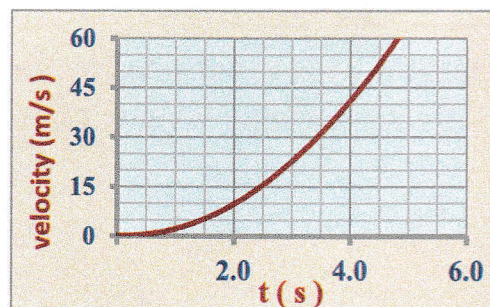
8- Depending on the particle model in the figure for the motion of a vehicle , which of the following is **true** for the vehicle's motion?

- ☐ the vehicle moved at constant velocity
- ☐ the vehicle moved faster
- ☐ the vehicle moved slower
- ☐ the vehicle started to move faster and then slower



9- Depending on the graph for an object motion , what is the **acceleration** of the object between (2.0 s) to (4.0)?

- ☐ 0.0 m/s²
- ☐ +15 m/s²
- ☐ +11 m/s²
- ☐ +5.0 m/s²



10- A ball that starts at rest is in free fall for (4.0 s). What is the ball's **displacement** after (2.1 s) ?

- ☐ -78 m
- ☐ -39 m
- ☐ -22 m
- ☐ -11 m

11- The final position of a ball motion is given from the following equation

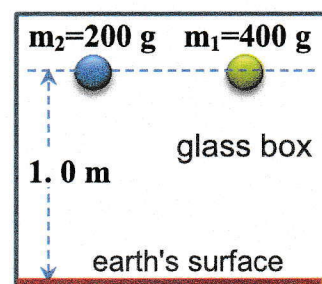
$$x_f = +0.70 + 3.0 t + 2.0 t^2$$

(Physical quantities in the equation measured by international units) .

What are the **initial position** and **initial velocity** for the ball?

	initial velocity	initial position
<input type="checkbox"/>	$+2.0 \text{ m/s}$	$+0.70 \text{ m}$
<input type="checkbox"/>	$+3.0 \text{ m/s}$	$+0.70 \text{ m}$
<input type="checkbox"/>	$+2.0 \text{ m/s}$	$+3.0 \text{ m}$
<input type="checkbox"/>	$+3.0 \text{ m/s}$	$+3.0 \text{ m}$

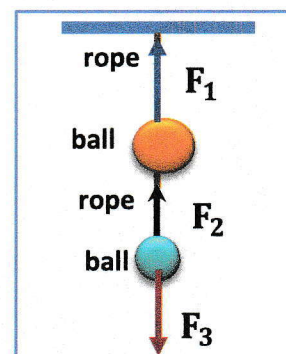
12- There are two balls in a glass box with no air on the ground as shown in the figure. If the two balls start falling together, which of the following is **correct** for the acceleration of the two balls?



- ☐ the acceleration for m_1 is greater than it is for m_2 .
- ☐ the acceleration for m_2 is greater than it is for m_1 .
- ☐ the acceleration for m_2 and m_1 is equal .
- ☐ the acceleration for m_1 equals half of it is for m_2

13- In the figure , which of the forces (F_1 , F_2 , F_3) are **field force**?

- ☐ F_1
- ☐ F_2
- ☐ F_3
- ☐ F_1 and F_2



14- A mass of (15 kg) on a weight scale in an elevator floor. What is the **reading** recorded by the scale when the elevator moves with an acceleration (1.9 m/s^2) downward?

- ☐ 28 N
- ☐ 120 N
- ☐ 150 N
- ☐ 180 N

15- Which of the following is **true** for an interaction pair depending on Newton's third law?

- ☐ exerted in the same time
- ☐ in the same direction
- ☐ are different in magnitude
- ☐ exerted on the same object

2nd Question

15

PART2

50



The graph is showing changes in the length of a rubber band for different weights hanging on its free side.

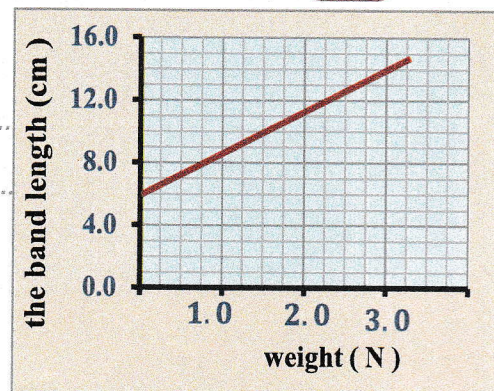
Answer (16 ,17 , 18)

16- What is the name of the quantity that represents:

- Independent variable?
- Dependent variable?

17-What is the **original length** of the rubber band ?

18- How **long** does the rubber band increase from the original length when a (3.0 N) is attached?



- The following table shows Maryam's positions and times when she moved to the north inside her school on a straight line.

Time(s)	0	20	40	60	80	100	120	140
Position (m)	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70

Answer (19 ,20 , 21)

19-Draw a **position-time** graph to represent Maryam's motion in the school.

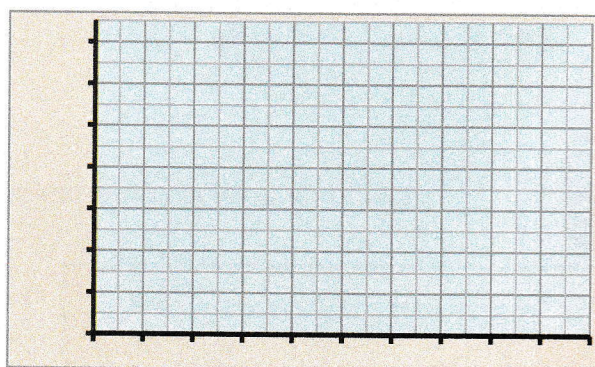
20-Calculate the **average velocity** of Maryam using the position-time graph.

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21-Calculate the **average velocity** of Maryam in (m/s) if she reaches back in (2.0) minutes.

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3rd Question

20



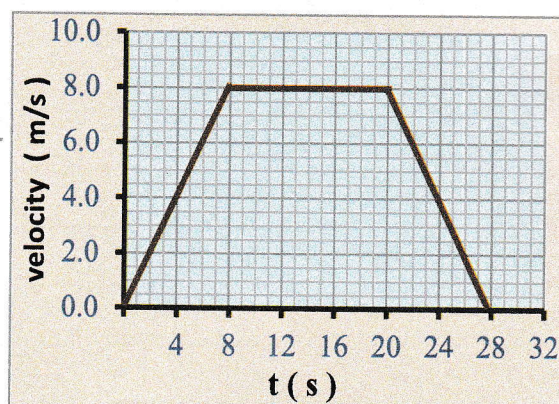
Depending on the (velocity - time) graph for the motion made by Rashed on a bicycle,

Rashed began his motion to the north.

Answer (22 , 23 , 24)

22 - What is the time interval that Rashed moves at a **constant** velocity ?

23 - Calculate the **acceleration** of Rashed's motion during the time interval (20 s to 24 s).

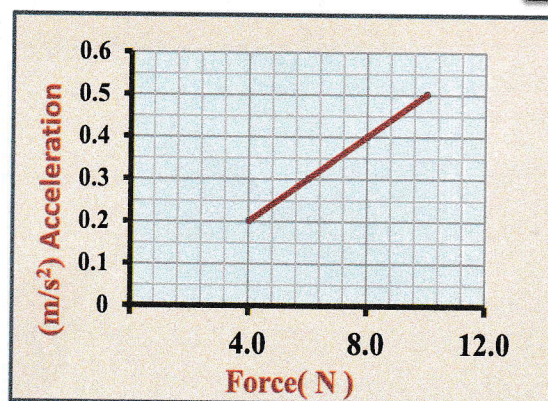


24 - Calculate the magnitude of total **displacement** of Rashed from (0.0s) to (28 s).



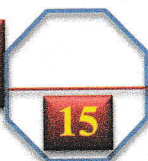
- The graph below shows the changes in the net force acts on an object and its acceleration.

25 - Calculate the **slope** of the graph and write the name of the physical quantity it represents.



6

4th Question



A workman pushes a large box with a mass of (**24 kg**) for a distance of (**15 m**) over a frictionless surface. He exerts a constant force (**60 N**) . If the box starts from the rest ,

26- Calculate the **velocity** of the box after (**10 m**) .

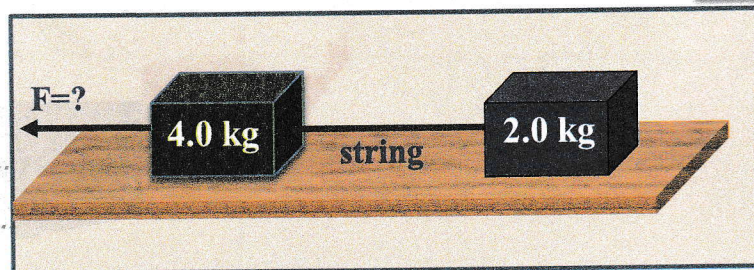




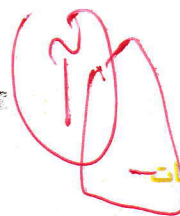
In the figure, two blocks are placed on a smooth horizontal surface and are connected by a string . When force **F** is applied as shown in the figure, the two blocks move with constant acceleration (**1.5 m/s²**).



27- Calculate the **magnitude** of force **F** .

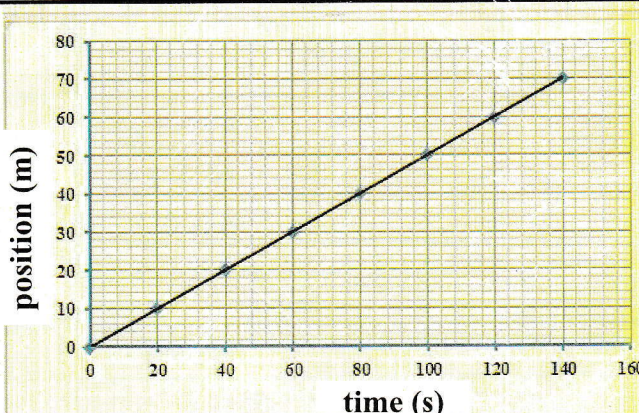






Physics -Mark –Scheme Grade 9 Advanced Term 1 -2019/2020 (1)

Marks		J		Answer	Questions	
30	30	2		A scientific theory	1	
		2		0.20 ms	2	
		2		(3.6 ± 0.1) A	3	
		2		Acceleration	4	
		2		$m s^{-2}$	4	
		2		+15 m	5	
		2		+ 1.7 m/s	6	
		2		-160 m	7	
		2		the vehicle moved slower	8	
		2		+15 m/s ²	9	
		2		-22 m	10	
		2		+3.0 m/s	11	
		2		+0.70 m	11	
		2		the acceleration for m ₂ and m ₁ is equal .	12	
		2		F ₃	13	
2		120 N	14			
2		exerted in the same time	15			
Don't accept any other answers.						
15	6	1		the weight	16	
		1		the band length	17	
		2		6.0 cm	17	
		2		8.0 cm	18	
	4	4	1		the time axis	19
			1		the position axis	
			2		draw the graph	
	3	1				20
	</					



$$v_{avg} = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$$

$$v_{avg} = \frac{70 - 10}{140 - 20}$$

$$v_{avg} = +0.50 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_{avg} = \frac{-70}{\Delta t}$$

Physics -Mark –Scheme Grade 9 Advanced Term 1 -2019/2020 (1)



Marks	J	Answer	Questions
		(8.0 s to 20 s)	22
	1	$a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$	23
	3	$a = \frac{4.0 - 8.0}{4.0}$	
	1	$a = 1.0 \text{ m/s}^2$	
14	2	the magnitude of displacement is equal to the area under the graph	24
	3	$= \frac{1}{2}(8.0 \times 8.0) + (12 \times 8.0) + \frac{1}{2}(8.0 \times 8.0)$	
	2	$= 156 \text{ m}$	
20	2	slope = $\frac{(0.40 - 0.20) \text{ m/s}^2}{(8.0 - 4.0) \text{ N}}$	25
	2	$= 0.050 \frac{\text{m/s}^2}{\text{N}}$	
6	2	$\frac{1}{\text{mass}} \text{ or } \frac{1}{m}$	
	2	$a = \frac{F}{m}$	26
	1	$a = \frac{60}{24}$	
9	1	$a = 2.5 \text{ m/s}^2$	
	2	$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2 a \Delta x$	
	2	$v_f^2 = 0 + 2 \times 2.5 \times 10$	
15	1	$v_f = 7.1 \text{ m/s}$	27
	2	$F_{\text{net}} = m a$	
	3	$F_{\text{net}} = (4.0 + 2.0) \times 1.5$	
6	1	$F_{\text{net}} = 9.0 \text{ N}$	

The end

The error in the physical equation used to solve the question does not give any marks to the solution
1 mark for each incorrect compensation is deducted during the resolution of the question
The other correct answers will be accepted after approval by directorate
The exam consists of two parts each with a separate degree

Instructions

80

30

50

Only the first question

The questions 2, 3 and 4

Part One

Part Two